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The White House

May 02, 2017

H.R. 1180 – Working Families Flexibility Act of 2017 (Rep. Roby, R-AL, and 17 cosponsors)

May 2, 2017 (House)

STATEMENT OF ADMINISTRATION POLICY

H.R. 1180 - Working Families Flexibility Act of 2017
(Rep. Roby, R-AL, and 17 cosponsors)

The Administration supports H.R. 1180, the Working Families Flexibility Act of 2017. H.R. 1180 would amend the Fair Labor Standards Act to allow private-sector employers to give their employees the choice to receive paid time off instead of cash payments for each hour of time for which overtime compensation would otherwise be required. The bill would extend to private-sector workers a choice that public-sector employees have long enjoyed.

H.R. 1180 would help American workers balance the competing demands of family and work by giving them flexibility to earn paid time off—time they can later use for any reason, including family commitments like attending school appointments and caring for a sick child. In addition, H.R. 1180 contains critical protections to ensure employees can continue to choose overtime pay and to prohibit employers from coercing their employees to accept compensatory time instead of overtime pay.

If H.R. 1180 were presented to the President in its current form, his advisors would recommend that he sign the bill into law.



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Contact Press Office (202) 226-9440.

Working Families Flexibility Act of 2017

WASHINGTON, D.C. | April 24, 2017

BACKGROUND: The American workforce has transformed drainatically over the years and the needs of workers in the 21st century have changed as well Millennials now represent the majority of the workforce, and many young Americans work full time white pursuing a college degree. Additionally, more single mans and dade are in the workforce. And more kids are raised in households where both parents work.

With these changes. Americans are demanding more flexibility in the workplace, in fact, 85 percent of employees say workplace flexibility is important when considering a new job. Unfortunately, an outdated federal law has become a barrier to workers who want more freedom to balance work and personal obligations. State and local government employees have long been able to choose paid time off as compensation for working overtime hours. However, the federal government prohibits private-sector workers from enjoying this same benefit.

To modernize the law and better meet the needs of the 21st century workforce. Representative Martha Roby (R.A..) introduced the Working Families Flexibility Act (H.R. 1180). The legislation would amend the Feir Labor Standards Act of 1938 to allow private-sector employers to offer employees the choice of paid sine off in lieu of cash wages for overtime hours worked. It is a pro-family, pro-worker proposal that gives workers the flexibility to spend time with family, attend teacher conferences, care for aging parents, stay home with a newborn, or attend to other personal needs that may prise.

WORKING FAMILIES FLEXIBILITY ACT:

- · Allows employers to offer employees a choice between cash wages and comp time for overtime hours worked. Employees who want to receive cash wages would continue to do so. No employee can be forced to take comp time instead of receiving cash wages.
- Protects employees by requiring the employer and the employee to complete a written agreement to use complime, entered into knowingly and voluntarily by the employee. Where the employee is represented by a union, the agreement to take complime must be part of the collective bargaining agreement negotiated between the union and the employer.
- Retains all existing employee protections in current law, including the 40-hour workweek and now overtime compensation is accused. The bill again additional safeguards for workers to ensure the choice and use of comp time are truly voluntary.
- · Allows employees to accrue up to 160 hours of comp time each year. An employer would be required to pay cash wages at the overtime rate of time-and-a-half for any unused time at the end of the year. Workers are free to 'cash' out' their accrued comp time whenever they choose to do so.

Click here for a PDF

The American Health Care Act passed the House (https://www.govtrack.us/congress/votes/115-2017/h256) with 20 Republicans, all Democrats against.

The Senate passed the FY2017 funding bill (https://www.govtrack.us/congress/votes/115-2017/s121) with all Democrats, 32 Republicans in favor.

Congress (/congress) / Bills (/congress/bills) / H.R. 1180 (115th) (/congress/bills/115/hr1180) / Text

H.R. 1180: Working Families Flexibility Act of 2017

Overview (/congress/bills/115/hr1180) Summary (/congress/bills/115/hr1180/summary)

Details (/congress/bills/115/hr1180/details)

Text (/congress/bills/115/hr1180/text)

The text of the bill below is as of May 3, 2017 (Received by the Senate).

We have a <u>summary of this bill (/congress/bills/115/hr1180/summary)</u> which will help you make sense of what you see below.

Download PDF (https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/BILLS-115hr1180rds/pdf/BILLS-115hr1180rds.pdf)

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115TH CONGRESS

1ST SESSION

H. R. 1180

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 3, 2017 Received

AN ACT

To amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to provide compensatory time for employees